

(54) Title of the invention : IN VITRO ANTIPROLIFERATIVE, CYTOTOXIC AND APOPTOTIC EFFECT OF RUTHENINU(II)-POLYPYRIDINE-3-BENZOYL PICOLINIC ACID COMPLEXES ON SK-MEL-28 AND NORMAL L6 CELL LINES

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(57) Abstract :

ABSTRACT The in vitro antiproliferative and cytotoxic effect of novel [Ru(bpy)2(bzpic)2]2+ (complex 1) and [Ru(phen)2(bzpic)2]2+ (complex 2) (bpy = 2,2'-bi pyridine, bzpic = 3-benzoylpicolinic acid and phen = 1,10-phenanthroline) on SK-MEL-28 cell line and normal L6 cell line has been carried out using direct microscopic and MTT assay methods: The synthesized complexes are characterized by elemental and spectral analysis. The morphological changes of cancerous and living cells at different concentrations (6.25, 12.5, 25, 50 and 100 (ig/mL) of the synthesised complexes 1 and 2 are individually determined using direct microscopic method. The percentage viability and growth inhibition of the complexes on SKMEL-28 and normal L6 cell lines at various concentrations are determined using MTT assay method. The IC₅₀ values of complexes 1 and 2 against the SK-MEL-28 cell line are found to be 39.109 and 38.323 ug/mL, whereas for normal L6 cell lines are 55.315 and 75.409 ug/mL. The IC₅₀ values predicts that complex 2 shows better antiproliferative effect and lower cytotoxicity than that of complex 1. The results revealed that the percentage of growth inhibition of the cells is based on dose-dependent manner and this is indicated by the formation of formazan crystal. The fluorescent microscopy observation clearly determines that both the synthesised complexes 1 and 2 shows late apoptosis on SK-MEL-28 cell line and early apoptosis on normal L6 cell line. Hence it is evident that complex 2 have low IC₅₀ value on cancerous cells and higher IC₅₀ value on normal living L6 cells which exhibit, better in vitro antiproliferative effect with lower cytotoxicity and therefore suggested as an anti-skin cancer drug.

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